

LE LIVRE DE HABACUC DE L'ANCIEN TESTAMENT

TRADUIT EN TAMAHQA



Publié par
JAMES TOWNSEND & SONS, LTD.
EXETER, DEVON, ENGLAND

Première Impression, 1954—500 exemplaires

[illegible]

- 2.1 ለ፻፵፻፲፡ ፲፡፡ +፻፲፡ + ፻፶፡ ለ፻፲፡፡ ፭፻፲፡
 ፻፶፡ ፲፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ለ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 2 ለ፡፡ ለ፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡ +፻፲፡ + ፻፶፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡
 [፡፡፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ +፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ + ፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡ ፡፡
 3 ሸ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ለ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ + ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ +፡፡፡፡ ለ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 4 ፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡ +፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 5 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 6 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ +፡፡፡፡ ፲፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡
 ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡ ፡፡፡፡

$$\therefore \theta \approx 2$$

$\theta' \circ_p \tilde{\Gamma} \circ \{ \cdot \cdot \parallel :^x \tilde{\Gamma} \circ^x + \{ \cdot \cdot \tilde{\Gamma} + : \cdot \circ : \cdot \circ \}$

$\partial \tilde{\Gamma}^0 \subset \partial \tilde{O} : \partial \tilde{O} \neq \emptyset$. II' $\partial \tilde{O} + E' C_1$

$$7 : 0 \quad | \cdot \tilde{\cdot} \cdot 0^5 | \quad \Lambda^4 : + : \Lambda^4 0 + : ^z \quad {}^z \epsilon^4 | \Lambda^4 \Lambda^4 | : \cdot \cdot ?$$

$\lambda_1 \approx 0$, $0^{\circ} E^{\circ}$: $\therefore \approx \tilde{O}^{\circ} ||^{\circ} O^{\circ}$, $\int \cdot \tilde{F}^{\circ} \Pi^{\circ} \Lambda =$

$$8 \text{ } 0'1 \text{ } II'11 \text{ } 'r11'II_{\circ} \quad +'c'1^4H \quad +'0'\tilde{II}^2:z^3\Lambda + \frac{v}{\pm}$$
[illegible]
$$1^{\circ} \lambda^{\circ} \mu^{\circ} + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \mu^{\circ} \lambda^{\circ} \mu^{\circ} + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \mu^{\circ} \lambda^{\circ} \mu^{\circ} + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \mu^{\circ} \lambda^{\circ} \mu^{\circ} + \dots$$

$O^{\circ} \zeta^{\ast} \Lambda^{\epsilon} \Gamma \Lambda' \quad \sim \zeta^{\ast} \tilde{F}' : : | \quad \Lambda^{\epsilon} : : O_{\diamond}$

$$9 \quad \{ : :: || : : ^{\circ} O : : ^{\circ} O : : ^{\circ} G(E) II :: + : : ^{\circ} E +$$
$$\tilde{\Gamma}^+_{\nu} + \odot \lambda^z \gamma_\nu \wedge : E :: \| \tilde{\Theta} :: \tilde{\Gamma}^+_{\nu} + \odot \lambda^z \tilde{F}_\nu -$$

10 I³.. O I² O I³ O ♯ G³ O³ A : : G³ I³ +

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

|| +⁴γ³Λ - θ³ξ²ε I: || ε²c³γ³ξ²ξ² I: || ε²γ³γ³ Λ²θ³ξ²ξ² -

$$\Sigma^+ + \pi^- \rightarrow \pi^0 + \pi^0$$
$$\odot \vdots \xi \odot \diamond$$

12 {::|| : {::| | : O' C O' |_v : # O' + :

$$X \in \tilde{\Theta} + \Pi \| \tilde{C} \tilde{T} + * \wedge \tilde{z} \tilde{C} \tilde{A} \tilde{I}$$

$$\therefore \theta \approx 2, 3$$

19 20

$$3.1 \quad \tilde{A}^{\epsilon_0} = \gamma_1 \cdot \gamma_2 \cdot \gamma_3 \cdots \gamma_{\ell(\theta)} \cdot \gamma_{\ell(\theta)+1}$$
[illegible][illegible]
$$x : o \quad \overset{\sim}{\Pi}^L : \Pi' \odot I : A! \quad \tilde{C}' \odot \tilde{Y}^+ \quad * + ^s : ^s : + * + C : \tilde{Y}^+$$

$$\therefore \theta \approx \dots 3$$

4. $\sim \Pi \cdot \text{OC} \cdot \sim \cdot + \text{II} \cdot \text{II} \cdot \Delta$

$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

$$\Lambda^s \Lambda^s: \tilde{\mathbb{I}}: 0 \quad | \Lambda^s \theta: \tilde{\mathbb{I}}^s + \diamond$$
$$5 \quad \Lambda^+ + {}^3\text{O} + {}^2\alpha_{II} + {}^2\text{I}^{\sim}\tilde{\Lambda}^2$$
$$\dot{\gamma} \cdot \hat{C} \cdot E | + + \# \cdot \# \cdot C : : O \quad \Sigma E \cdot \tilde{O} \cdot \tilde{I} + \diamond$$
$$6 \quad \{ \Theta \wedge \wedge_{\nabla} \xi^{\cdot} \cdot^{\cdot} + \cdot \dot{C} \cdot \dot{E} \cdot \parallel_{\Delta}$$
$$\xi^1 \xi^2, \xi^1 \xi^3, \xi^1 \xi^4, \xi^2 \xi^3, \xi^2 \xi^4, \xi^3 \xi^4 + \xi^1 \xi^2 \xi^3 \xi^4$$

$+:\odot^{\circ}\square::+:\epsilon^{\circ}|\quad \epsilon\lambda o.o^{\circ}|\quad |^{\circ}\theta.\lambda^{\circ}|$

$$0^2 1 0 1^3 + +^2 \wedge^3 \vdots^2 1^2 \tilde{\parallel}^1 \vdots^2 + +^2 \tilde{\varepsilon}^2 \Delta$$
[illegible]

7. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$

$\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right)^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right)^2$

8 " ॥ ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय ॥ ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय ॥

$$C^{\pm} : H^{\pm} \xrightarrow{+} I_0^{+} + I_0^{-} : H^{\pm} \xrightarrow{-} I_{\infty}^{\pm}$$
[illegible]

0 + :: 0^5 \Pi : \Lambda \sim \Sigma \odot : \sim \Gamma : \cdot

$$\times \overline{0.03251}$$

